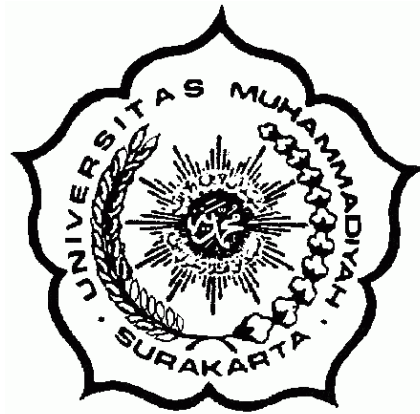


**TYPE AND FUNCTION OF CONVERSATION ANALYSIS OVERLAPS
IN AMERICAN TELEVISION PROGRAM: *THE TONIGHT SHOW*
STARRING JIMMY FALLON**



**Submitted as a Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for Getting Bachelor
Degree of Education in English Department**

By:

**HAFISHAN NUR ADABI
A320150185**

**ENGLISH EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
SCHOOL OF TEACHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION
MUHAMMADIYAH UNIVERSITY OF SURAKARTA**

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APPROVAL

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PUBLICATION ARTICLE

Proposed by:

HAFISHAN NUR ADABI
A320150185

Approved by:

Consultant



Dr. Malikatul Laila, M. Hum.
NIDN. 0614026301

ACCEPTANCE

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HAFISHAN NUR ADABI
A320150185

Accepted by:

The Board of Examiners of School of Teacher Training and Education
Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta

The Board of Examiners:

1. Dr. Malikatul Laila, M. Hum.
(Head of Examiner)
2. Dr. Maryadi, M.A.
(Second Examiner)
3. Agus Wijayanto, Ph.D.
(Third Examiner)


(.....)


(.....)


(.....)

Surakarta, November 11th 2019

Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta
School of Teacher Training and Education
Dean,




Prof. Dr. Harun Joko Prayitno, M.Hum
0028046501

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Herewith, I testify that in this research paper, there is no plagiarism of the previous literary work which has been raised in order to gain bachelor degree of university, nor there are masterpieces that have been written or published by others, except those in which writing are referred in the manuscript and mentioned in literature review and bibliography. If the result of this research is proven as plagiarism, I will be fully responsible and get the sanction with applicable regulation.

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The researcher



Hafishan Nur Adabi
A320150185

Hafishan Nur Adabi/A320150185. **TYPE AND FUNCTION OF CONVERSATION ANALYSIS OVERLAPS IN AMERICAN TELEVISION PROGRAM: THE TONIGHT SHOW STARRING JIMMY FALLON.** Research Paper. Faculty of Teacher Training and Education. Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta. October, 2019

ABSTRACT

This study aims to classify the types of overlap found in The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon episode March 13, 2019 on segment with Mark Ruffalo. The type of this research is descriptive qualitative. The data were taken from the conversations which contain overlaps spoken by the participants in *The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon* program. The data were collected by using observing to the video from YouTube. The theory for analyzing data in this research uses the theory from Sidnell and Stivers (2013) to analyze the types of overlap. The result of the study shows that there are three types of overlap produced by the participants of the talk show, those are: turn-terminal type (61%), turn-initial type (14%), mid-turn recognitional onset type (17%), and mid turn progressional type (8%).

Keywords: conversation analysis, overlaps, functions, talk show

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengklasifikasikan jenis tumpang tindih yang ditemukan dalam The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon episode 13 Maret 2019 pada segmen dengan Mark Ruffalo. Jenis penelitian ini adalah deskriptif kualitatif. Data diambil dari percakapan yang berisi tumpang tindih yang diucapkan oleh para peserta dalam program The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon. Data dikumpulkan dengan mengamati video dari YouTube. Teori untuk menganalisis data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan teori dari Sidnell dan Stivers (2013) untuk menganalisis jenis tumpang tindih. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa ada tiga jenis tumpang tindih yang dihasilkan oleh peserta talkshow, yaitu: tipe *turn-terminal* (61%), tipe *turn-initial* (14%), tipe *mid-turn recognitional onset* (17%), dan tipe *mid-turn progressional onset* (8%).

Kata kunci: analisis percakapan, tumpang tindih, fungsi, acara cakap-cakap

1. INTRODUCTION

In daily life, language is used to communicate between human being. One of the common uses of human language is conversation. Conversation according to Liddicoat (Liddicoat, 2007, p. 1) is the way to do communicating in social interaction and extending and maintaining the human relationship by the people. It means that the speakers and the listeners communicate with each other to establish a relationship.

Wardhaugh (Wardhaugh, 2015, p. 241), defines that in doing conversation the individuals need to faithful the rules of cooperation and turn-taking to minimize the speaking errors. In pragmatic study, the type of discourse analysis which focuses on cooperation and turn-taking rules on conversation called conversation analysis. Conversation analysis is an approach to the study of social interaction that focuses on speaking practices in any contexts of talk interaction (Sidnell, 2009, p. i). In other words conversation analysis uses to analyze the talk interaction or daily conversation that has the contexts in the language.

Hutchby and Wooffitt in their book (Hutchby & Wooffitt, 2002, p. 38) also state that there are two kinds of things between turns in talk interaction. The first, 'next turn', is the section to the next speaker to understand the statement from the prior speaker so the next speaker knowing what will be delivered before they spoke. The second is that the relationship of every turn shows that the participants analyze the ongoing conversation between prior speaker so the next speaker can say their utterances that already compiled. This means that in talk interaction there is a turn that must be understood by the participants so there will not an error of speech, like interruptions or overlaps.

Overlapping talk is often thought of as interruption, but interruptions have the different features from overlapping talk (Liddicoat, 2007, p. 82). Overlapping talk is an interactional phenomenon which is produced by the speaker together. The speaker who kept passing the possible completion of the spoken utterances may be caused overlap (Liddicoat, 2007, p. 82) o. So overlapping talk occurs by the speaker who does not comply with the rules. For example:

[Sacks, Schegloff and Jefferson (1974: 703)]

A : Uh you been down here before havenche.

B : Yeh.

The utterance above is overlap that occurs when the speaker (B) said before the prior speaker (A) ended his utterance.

Overlapping may happen in daily conversation. It can be happen in television program for example in talk show. Interruption or overlap may happen

during the host of TV program interview the guest. It happens to present the statement to agree, disagree and other functions by host and guest. So television program can be chosen as the data source to do the research in conversation analysis. One of the television programs that are chosen by the researcher is The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon. It is the American late-night talk show program airs by NBC and hosted by Jimmy Fallon. The researcher doing research to developing the insight about the study of conversation analysis especially overlaps.

The researcher is interested to choose the topic because there is a few of research which talk about overlaps. The research in analyzing overlaps is not much as the research about turn-taking, adjacency pairs and so on. So, the researcher also wants to give addition the research about overlaps. This research used theory from Sidnell and Stivers (2013) for analyzing the types of overlaps and Murata (2001) for the functions of overlaps. It will be explained a little more broadly and used to complete the research in other theories.

The study of overlaps had previously be done by many researchers, such as Maroni, B. Gnisci, A. and Pontecorvo, C. (2008), Heldner, M & Edlund, J. (2010), Kurtic, Brown and Wells (2012), Martinez, C.B. (2018), Cantrell (2013), Veronica (2016). Those previous study discussed about the overlaps in general, like the strategy of overlaps, the differences of overlaps, context of overlaps, and interruption.

This present study is different from the previous study, because this study will discuss more specific about overlaps. This study will analyze the types of overlap and the functions of overlap. Overlapping talk is often thought of as interruption, but interruptions have the different features from overlapping talk (Liddicoat, 2007, p. 82).

2. METHOD

In this study, the researcher uses descriptive qualitative research. This research will analyze the conversation which contains overlapping talk produce by the participants in the talk show. The data are obtained from conversation which

contains overlaps in the talk show videos. This research uses the theory from Sidnell & Stivers (2013) to analyze the types of overlap. The technique of collecting data used in this research is observation and documentation, it was elaborated into (1) watching the video on YouTube, (2) downloading the video, (3) transcribe the conversation, (4) marking the conversation which contains overlapping talk, then (5) classifying into each of the type.

3. FINDING AND DISCUSSION

3.1 Finding

Based on the above analysis, finally the researcher can present the table below:

Table 3.1.1: Frequency of Types of Overlap

No.	Types of Overlap		Frequency	Frequency in Percentage (%)
1.	Turn-terminal		43	61%
2.	Turn-initial		10	14%
3.	Mid-turn	Recognitional onset	12	17%
		Progressional onset	6	8%
Total			71	100%

Based on the finding of data analysis, the researcher found the frequency of each types of overlap which presented on table 3.1.1 above. The highest frequency of the types of overlap done by the participants is Turn-terminal. It appears 43 times (61%) in two segments.

3.2 Discussion

Based on the finding, this research was related to the previous study conducted by Veronica (2016). The present study is different from the previous study. The research conducted by Veronica discussed about types and functions of interruption occurred by the participants in Ini Talk Show on Net TV. The objectives are to identify the types and functions of interruption occurred in talk show. The result of the research is there are 113 data of interruption which classified into four types of interruption in Ini Talk Show, those are overlap

interruption which produced 70 times, simple interruption which produced 23 times, silent interruption which produced 13 times and the last butting-in interruption which produced 7 times. The previous study discussed about the types and functions of interruption used the theories from Ferguson (1977) to analyze the types of interruption. Meanwhile, this present study is different from the previous study, because this present study will discuss about the types of overlap using the theories from Sidnell and Stivers (2013). The researcher found that there are 71 utterances which contain overlap in The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon program episode March 13, 2019 on segment with Mark Ruffalo. There are three types of overlap to analyze the conversation produced by the participants in the talk show. Those are (1) turn-terminal, (2) turn-initial and (3) mid-turn: recognitional onset and progressional onset. The most frequency of the types of overlap was *Turn-terminal*. It appeared 43 times (61%) in two segments of talk show. The second most frequency was *Mid-turn recognitional onset* which appeared 12 times (17%) overlaps. The next was *Turn-initial*, which appeared 10 times (14%) overlaps. The lowest frequency was *Mid-turn progressional onset* which appeared 6 times (8%) overlaps.

4. CONCLUSION

Based on the analysis in the previous chapter, it can be concluded that

Firstly, based on the data analysis, the researcher found that overlapping talk appeared 71 times in two videos. The types of overlapping talk classified as follow: (1) turn-terminal, (2) turn-initial and (3) mid-turn: recognitional onset and progressional onset. They consists of turn-terminal (61%), turn-initial (14%), mid-turn recognitional onset (17%), mid-turn progressional onset (8%).

Secondly, the highest frequency of the types of overlap is **turn-terminal overlap** (61%), because the overlap majority occurs in the end of the talk.

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